DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, LONERE

End Semester Examination – Winter 2018

Course: S.Y.B. Tech (All Branches)

Semester: III

Subject Name: Engineering Mathematics-III Subject Code: BTBSC301

Max Marks:60 **Date:**30/11/2018 **Duration:** 03 Hrs

Instructions to the Students:

- 1. Attempt Any Five questions of the following .All questions carry equal marks.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculators is allowed.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full Marks.
- Q. 1. a) Show that,

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin at}{t} dt = \frac{\pi}{2}.$$
 [4]

b) Find the Laplace transform of

$$\int_0^t \frac{e^{-3u}\sin 2u}{u} du.$$
 [4]

c) Find the Laplace transform of the function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 2 & , 0 < t < \pi \\ 0 & , \pi < t < 2\pi \\ \sin t & , t > 2\pi \end{cases}$$
[4]

- Q.2. a) Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{s+3}{2}\right)$. [4]
 - b) By convolution theorem, find inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{s}{(s^2+1)(s^2+4)}$$
 [4]

c) By Laplace transform method, solve the following simultaneous equations

$$\frac{dx}{dt} - y = e^t; \frac{dy}{dt} + x = \sin t; \text{ given that } x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0.$$

Q. 3. a) Find the Fourier transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x^2, & |x| \le 1\\ 0, & |x| > 1. \end{cases}$$
 [4]

b) Find the Fourier sine transform of $e^{-|x|}$, and hence show that

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x \sin mx}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi e^{-m}}{2} , \quad m > 0.$$
 [4]

c) Using Parseval's Identity, prove that

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{t^2}{(t^2+1)^2} dt = \frac{\pi}{4} \,. \tag{4}$$

Q.4. a) Solve the partial differential equation

$$(x^2 - yz)p + (y^2 - zx)q = z^2 - xy.$$
 [4]

b) Use method of separation of variables to solve the equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \; ; \; given \; that \; u(x,0) = 6e^{-3x}.$$

c) Find the temperature in bar of length 2 *units* whose ends are kept at zero temperature and lateral surface insulated if initial temperature is

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) + 3\sin\left(\frac{5\pi x}{2}\right).$$
 [4]

- Q. 5. a) If f(z) is analytic function with constant modulus, show that f(z) is constant.
 - b) If the stream function of an electrostatic field is $\psi = 3xy^2 x^3$, find the potential function ϕ , where $f(z) = \phi + i\psi$. [4]
 - c) Prove that the inversion transformation maps a circle in the z-plane into a circle in w-plane or to a straight line if the circle in the z-plane passes through the origin . [4]
- Q.6. a) Evaluate $\oint_c \frac{e^z}{(z-2)} dz$, where c is the circle |z| = 3. [4]
 - b) Evaluate $\oint_c \tan z \, dz$, where c is the circle |z| = 2.
 - c) Evaluate, using Cauchy's integral formula: [4]
 - 1) $\oint_C \frac{\cos(\pi z)}{(z^2-1)} dz$ around a rectangle with vertices $2 \pm i$, $-2 \pm i$.
 - 2) $\oint_C \frac{\sin^2 z}{(z-\frac{\pi}{6})^3} dz$, where C is the circle |z| = 1.

*** End ***

[4]